

Telephone 768 P. O. Box 409  
**ROBERT WILLIAM CLARK**  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
DAIRY PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, FRUIT, &c,  
14 Johnson St., Victoria.

# The Daily Colonist.

\$6 per ton  
Household Coal  
**HALL & WALKER**  
100 Government St. Phone 88.

VOL. LXXXVI. NO 150.

VICTORIA, B.C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1901

FORTY-THIRD YEAR.

DO NOT THINK THAT OUR STOCK IS COMPRISED SOLELY OF HIGHER PRICED ARTICLES.

We Have Hundreds of

Useful and Pretty

## Xmas Presents

Ranging in Price From 50c. TO \$1 00.

Such as Sterling Silver Nail Files, Shoe Horns, Pomade Jars, Pencils, Salts Bottles, Vialgrettes, Match Boxes, Cut Glass Vases, Perfume Bottles, Stick Pins, Brooches, Studs, Silver Bracelets, Thimbles, Spoons, Etc., Etc.

**CHALLONER & MITCHELL,**  
Jewelers and Opticians, 47 Government Street.

## OFFLEY FORRESTER'S FINE OLD SPANISH PORTS AND SHERRIES

IMPORTED IN WOOD.

Bottled and Guaranteed by the

### Hudson's Bay Co.

WHARF STREET

## Do You Know Why

Our goods are so much in favor and the demand increasing every day? BECAUSE they have the qualities that please. They are sterling value and always the same. Those who have had them know, others should try them to be convinced.

RE-CLEANED CURRANTS .....10c. lb.  
SEEDED RAISINS .....10c. lb.  
CLEANED SULTANAS .....20c. lb.  
CITRON, ORANGE AND LEMON  
PEEL .....15c. lb.  
SHELLED ALMONDS .....40c. lb.  
JAPAN ORANGES .....50c. box

**DIXIE H. ROSS & CO., Cash Grocers.**

## NEW WALL PAPERS.

1902 PATTERNS AND COLORINGS—Very Low Prices.

**J. W. MELLOR** 76-78 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

## NEW Currants, Raisins, Peels, Figs, Nuts and Candies

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS

**THOMAS EARLE**  
IMPORTING WHOLESALE GROCER  
26 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

VERY OLD VATTED

## BULLOCH, LADE & CO'S "V.O.V."

VERY OLD VATTED HIGHLAND WHISKY

For sale by all leading grocers and wine merchants.

## THOROUGHbred POULTRY.

Received a shipment of the finest brood Chickens in the country. Come and see them before they are sold.

**E. M. NODEK,**  
12 Store Street.  
Dealer in Poultry and Supplies.

**PURE HOLLANDS.**

RED CASES 15 Bots.  
GREEN CASES 12 Bots.  
VIOLET CASES 24 Bots.

"Guaranteed 2 Years Old Before Being Bottled."

**MELCHERS**

**R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.**  
B. C. AGENTS.

## LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

## ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

**Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.**  
Victoria and Vancouver, General Agents for B. C.

## Kilmarnock

When your enterer requests you to take KILMARNOCK, he aims to give you the best.

When your shopkeeper recommends KILMARNOCK he is trying to please you.

When you desire a good wholesome, sound old Scotch Whisky, you should always take KILMARNOCK.

It will not make your head ache as some whiskies do. IN CASE AND BULK, WHOLESALE.

**Pither & Leiser** Importers **VICTORIA, B. C.**

## Builders' Hardware

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF

LOCKS  
SASH LOCKS  
TAR PAPER  
TAR FELT

SHEATHING  
NAILS  
SASH CORD  
SASH WEIGHTS, Etc

**THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO. LTD.**  
32 and 34 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B.C.  
P. O. DRAWER 613.  
TELEPHONE 59.

## J. A. Sayward Lumber Mills

THE PIONEER LUMBER MILLS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA  
ESTABLISHED 1858

I have just added to my Saw Mill a complete Sash and Door Plant, and am prepared to supply all kinds of factory work, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Gutter, Turnings, Stair Building, Panelling, Saw Cases, Mantels, Office Fittings, as well as all kinds of Building Material. I also have a complete Box Factory. Kl 1-Dried Lumber a specialty.

Head Office, Victoria, B.C. Branches at Nelson, B.C., and White Horse, Y.T.

## SHEFFIELD CUTLERY STORE.

Table Carvers in Cases, 3 or 5 piece. Table Carvers without cases: Game Carvers, Table and Dessert Knives, English Plated Forks, Spoons, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Fancy Plated Ware, in fact, all kinds of Cutlery suitable for Xmas Gifts, Wedding Presents etc., at

**FOX'S,** 78 Government Street.

## GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS

WASHINGTON

Two and a half hours from Seattle and Tacoma, on main line of N. P. railway. Special 1-13 round trip fare from Victoria. The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort in the entire west. New and modern buildings, steam heated and electric lighted throughout. Splendid natural medicinal waters; perfect baths. Skilled attendants in every department, offering to those suffering from rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, disorders of the digestive, urinary and nervous systems, or to those in need of change and rest. A measure of relief not elsewhere obtainable. Resident physicians; direct use of waters and baths without charge. Write for circulars, etc. Rates from \$12.50 weekly. Splendid winter resort.

**S. J. KLOEBER, M.D.**

## SHARES FOR SALE

500 TONS .....\$5.00  
1,000 CENTRE SHARES .....\$5.00  
1,000 CARIBOO-MCKINNEY .....\$5.00  
50 CRAMP STEEL CO. ....\$5.00  
7 PER CENT CUMULATED PREFERRED STOCK, 100 shares, \$100.

WE WILL BUY

50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares, at 25 1/2, or we will sell 50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares at 25 1/2.

**A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.**  
86 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

## POULTRY

Just received pens of Black Minorcas and white Lechons. Look up your stock for breeding.

**SYLVESTER FRED CO.,**  
City Market.

## Mill For Britannia

Concentrating Plant to Be Erected in Spring at Britannia Mine.

Application to Proceed With Wind ing Up of Athabasca Com pany Refused.

**Seymour Creek Sweeps Away Ranchman's Crops and Drowns His Horses.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Dec. 3.—Plans have been drawn and a survey made for a concentrator mill at the Britannia mines. The mill will be erected in the spring. Mr. Humphries, who owns 18 claims in the South Valley near the Britannia, and who has spent \$20,000 in development, will also extensively operate his mine in the spring.

Col. Worsnop is inundated with applications for the third contingent for South Africa.

Application has been made before Mr. Justice Drake in chambers to proceed with the winding up of the Athabasca Gold Mining company. The application was refused.

Seymour creek is on the rampage. W. Scott, who owns a ranch in the vicinity, had his barn swept away and lost two horses, and 60 tons of crops were destroyed. A log-jam standing for years was swept away and the current of the stream diverted to a new channel.

W. C. Nichol desires to appeal against the order requiring him to pay the costs of the adjournment in the original libel case. An order has been made for a stated case without prejudice to the other side.

## UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

Relation of Philippines Decided on a Customs Case.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Opinions were rendered in the United States Supreme court today in the last two of the in-regular cases of the year. One, that known as the "Fourteen Diamond Rings case," involving the relationship of the United States to the Philippine islands from a tariff point of view, and the other what is known as the Dooley case No. 2, involving the constitutionality of the collection of duty on goods shipped from New York to Puerto Rico.

In the former case, the court, through Chief Justice Fuller, held that the diamond rings brought in from the Philippines and over which the case arose, should have been exempted from duty under the tariff treaty of peace which made the Philippines United States territory. The decision in the Philippine case followed closely that of the first Puerto Rican case at the last term. In the Dooley case, decided today, it was held that the duty collected on goods carried from New York to Puerto Rico was permissible, but that it was in reality a tax for the benefit of the Puerto Ricans themselves, rather than an export duty, as was claimed by the merchants who antagonized the govern-ment.

In both cases there were dissenting opinions, concurred in by four of the nine justices of the court.

The decisions were rendered in the room of the Senate committee on judiciary, where the court is sitting temporarily, and owing to the limited space there were comparatively few persons, and those lawyers, present. The delivery of the opinions in chief, with the reading of the dissenting opinions, consumed a little more than an hour, and it was listened to with the closest attention.

It is generally believed that the finding of the Philippines case will lead to early efforts to secure legislation for the regulation of our commercial relations with those islands. As the Puerto Rican opinion sustains the constitutionality of the Foraker act, no such necessity will arise with reference to Puerto Rico.

The case of Emil J. Peyke v. the United States is the case known as the Fourteen Diamond Rings case, and in-volves the constitutionality of the im-position of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands after the ex-change of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government on the ground that the Philippine islands were, at the time the rings were brought in, United States territory. Cessing to be foreign territory, they became domestic territory, he said. The decision in the De Lima Puerto Rican case was cited at length, and it was held that the resolution adopted by congress concerning the Philippines was not sufficient to change the situation.

The chief justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brandeis read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor points.

Justices Gray, Shiraz, White and McKenna dissented.

**GERMAN TARIFF BILL.**

Secretary of the Interior Speaks in Its Defence.

Re-Phin, Dec. 3.—On the resumption of tariff debate in the Reichstag von Pow-dowski Wiener, secretary of the interior, took up the cudgels in defense of the bill. The secretary contended that Germany was largely dependent on her export trade, which must therefore be protected. The United States had introduced protective rates not only against Ger-many, but against the world in the in-terests of United States finance and the United States industry. It was impos-sible to maintain a free trade basis in the matter of protection to this coun-try. He doubted that Germany was able to produce sufficient grain for her own consumption, but the authorities wished in any case to keep out all grain which was not needed.

## From Occident To Orient

Garrison Artillery Sail From Outer Wharf Amidst Enthusiastic Leave Taking.

Bound From Pacific Western Portal to the Gateway to the East.

The sailing of the R. M. S. Empress of China from the Outer wharf yesterday morning at 11 a. m. attracted a large number of Victorians to the wharf to witness the embarkation of No. 19 Co., R. G. A.—the first body of troops to leave this western portal of the Pacific for the Empire's gateway to the Orient, Hongkong, by the Empress liner. The band of the Fifth Regiment was in attendance, and played lively airs during the embarkation of the artillery-men. The troops were taken to the Outer wharf by special cars provided by the B. C. Electric railway and marched from the terminus to the wharf, where many friends, made during their stay in Victoria, were on hand to give the gun-ners a final hand shake. Their baggage had all been hoisted on board in the early morning, and the time from the arrival of the troops on the wharf until the vessel steamed out with them on board, was given over to leave taking as the band played everything from reg-ime selections to "Auld Lang Syne."

The most stirring scenes were wit-nessed as the white liner loosed her rigging and started off. The soldiers lined the rigging and returned cheer after cheer to the several hundred people assembled above the wharf, while the band was heard above the clamor, and from the liner's bow, lines of home-bound Chinamen looked on. There was cheering until the liner with its great crowd, for the Empresses are like floating villages, steamed off out of ear-shot and soon out around the lighthouse at Race Rocks the soldiers at the other side of which the departure of No. 19 Co., R. G. A., from Victoria for the Orient was re-markable in that it is the first instance in which British troops have gone from Victoria to the Orient by the Pacific route. It is the first instance in which British troops have gone from Victoria to the Orient by the Pacific route. It is the first instance in which British troops have gone from Victoria to the Orient by the Pacific route.

## Mill For Britannia

Concentrating Plant to Be Erected in Spring at Britannia Mine.

Application to Proceed With Wind ing Up of Athabasca Com pany Refused.

**Seymour Creek Sweeps Away Ranchman's Crops and Drowns His Horses.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Dec. 3.—Plans have been drawn and a survey made for a concentrator mill at the Britannia mines. The mill will be erected in the spring. Mr. Humphries, who owns 18 claims in the South Valley near the Britannia, and who has spent \$20,000 in development, will also extensively operate his mine in the spring.

Col. Worsnop is inundated with applications for the third contingent for South Africa.

Application has been made before Mr. Justice Drake in chambers to proceed with the winding up of the Athabasca Gold Mining company. The application was refused.

Seymour creek is on the rampage. W. Scott, who owns a ranch in the vicinity, had his barn swept away and lost two horses, and 60 tons of crops were destroyed. A log-jam standing for years was swept away and the current of the stream diverted to a new channel.

W. C. Nichol desires to appeal against the order requiring him to pay the costs of the adjournment in the original libel case. An order has been made for a stated case without prejudice to the other side.

## UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

Relation of Philippines Decided on a Customs Case.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Opinions were rendered in the United States Supreme court today in the last two of the in-regular cases of the year. One, that known as the "Fourteen Diamond Rings case," involving the relationship of the United States to the Philippine islands from a tariff point of view, and the other what is known as the Dooley case No. 2, involving the constitutionality of the collection of duty on goods shipped from New York to Puerto Rico.

In the former case, the court, through Chief Justice Fuller, held that the diamond rings brought in from the Philippines and over which the case arose, should have been exempted from duty under the tariff treaty of peace which made the Philippines United States territory. The decision in the Philippine case followed closely that of the first Puerto Rican case at the last term. In the Dooley case, decided today, it was held that the duty collected on goods carried from New York to Puerto Rico was permissible, but that it was in reality a tax for the benefit of the Puerto Ricans themselves, rather than an export duty, as was claimed by the merchants who antagonized the govern-ment.

In both cases there were dissenting opinions, concurred in by four of the nine justices of the court.

The decisions were rendered in the room of the Senate committee on judiciary, where the court is sitting temporarily, and owing to the limited space there were comparatively few persons, and those lawyers, present. The delivery of the opinions in chief, with the reading of the dissenting opinions, consumed a little more than an hour, and it was listened to with the closest attention.

It is generally believed that the finding of the Philippines case will lead to early efforts to secure legislation for the regulation of our commercial relations with those islands. As the Puerto Rican opinion sustains the constitutionality of the Foraker act, no such necessity will arise with reference to Puerto Rico.

The case of Emil J. Peyke v. the United States is the case known as the Fourteen Diamond Rings case, and in-volves the constitutionality of the im-position of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands after the ex-change of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government on the ground that the Philippine islands were, at the time the rings were brought in, United States territory. Cessing to be foreign territory, they became domestic territory, he said. The decision in the De Lima Puerto Rican case was cited at length, and it was held that the resolution adopted by congress concerning the Philippines was not sufficient to change the situation.

The chief justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brandeis read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor points.

Justices Gray, Shiraz, White and McKenna dissented.

**GERMAN TARIFF BILL.**

Secretary of the Interior Speaks in Its Defence.

Re-Phin, Dec. 3.—On the resumption of tariff debate in the Reichstag von Pow-dowski Wiener, secretary of the interior, took up the cudgels in defense of the bill. The secretary contended that Germany was largely dependent on her export trade, which must therefore be protected. The United States had introduced protective rates not only against Ger-many, but against the world in the in-terests of United States finance and the United States industry. It was impos-sible to maintain a free trade basis in the matter of protection to this coun-try. He doubted that Germany was able to produce sufficient grain for her own consumption, but the authorities wished in any case to keep out all grain which was not needed.

## SHEFFIELD CUTLERY STORE.

Table Carvers in Cases, 3 or 5 piece. Table Carvers without cases: Game Carvers, Table and Dessert Knives, English Plated Forks, Spoons, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Fancy Plated Ware, in fact, all kinds of Cutlery suitable for Xmas Gifts, Wedding Presents etc., at

**FOX'S,** 78 Government Street.

## GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS

WASHINGTON

Two and a half hours from Seattle and Tacoma, on main line of N. P. railway. Special 1-13 round trip fare from Victoria. The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort in the entire west. New and modern buildings, steam heated and electric lighted throughout. Splendid natural medicinal waters; perfect baths. Skilled attendants in every department, offering to those suffering from rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, disorders of the digestive, urinary and nervous systems, or to those in need of change and rest. A measure of relief not elsewhere obtainable. Resident physicians; direct use of waters and baths without charge. Write for circulars, etc. Rates from \$12.50 weekly. Splendid winter resort.

**S. J. KLOEBER, M.D.**

## SHARES FOR SALE

500 TONS .....\$5.00  
1,000 CENTRE SHARES .....\$5.00  
1,000 CARIBOO-MCKINNEY .....\$5.00  
50 CRAMP STEEL CO. ....\$5.00  
7 PER CENT CUMULATED PREFERRED STOCK, 100 shares, \$100.

WE WILL BUY

50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares, at 25 1/2, or we will sell 50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares at 25 1/2.

**A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.**  
86 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

## POULTRY

Just received pens of Black Minorcas and white Lechons. Look up your stock for breeding.

**SYLVESTER FRED CO.,**  
City Market.

## Message Of President

Mr. Roosevelt Makes His First Annual Communication to United States.

Refers to Various Important Political Subjects Now Before That Country.

His Views on Anarchists, Reci-procity, Trusts and Capital and Labor.

Washington, Dec. 3.—President Roosevelt's first message was submitted to congress today. In opening it refers at some length to the murder of President McKinley.

President Roosevelt, after eulogizing the late President as a public man of lofty integrity, a gallant soldier, and a man of broad kindness of nature, takes up the question of anarchy.

"The anarchist is everywhere," the message says, "not merely the enemy of system and of progress, but the deadly foe of liberty. If ever anarchy is triumphant, triumph will last for but a moment to be succeeded by a great gloomy night of despotism."

"No man or body of men preaching anarchistic doctrines should be allowed at large any more than if preaching the murder of some specified private individual. Anarchist speeches, writings and meetings are essentially seditious and treasonable."

"I earnestly recommend to the congress that in the exercise of its wise discretion it should take into consideration the coming into this country of anarchists or persons professing principles hostile to all government and justifying the murder of those placed in authority. Such individuals as those who not long ago gathered in open meeting to glorify the murder of King Humbert of Italy perpetrate a crime, and the laws should ensure the most rigorous punishment. They and those like them should be kept out of this country, and if found here they should be promptly deported to the country whence they came, and far-reaching provision should be made for the punishment of those who stay. No matter calls more urgently for the wisest thought of the congress."

"Anarchy is a crime against the whole human race, and all mankind should be one against the anarchist. His crime should be made an offence against the law of nations, like piracy and that form of man stealing known as the slave trade, for it is of far blacker infamy than either. It should be so declared by treaties amongst all civilized powers. Such treaties should give to the federal government the power of dealing with the crime."

The message refers to the abounding prosperity of the country.

**COMBINES.**

"There is a widespread conviction in the mind of the American people," continues the message, "that the great corporations known as trusts are in certain of their features and tendencies hurtful to the general public. This springs from no spirit of envy or unteachableness nor lack of pride in the great industrial achievements which have placed this country at the head of the nations struggling for commercial supremacy. It does not rest upon a lack of intellectual appreciation of the necessity of meeting the changed conditions of trade with new methods, nor upon ignorance of the fact that combination of great things is necessary to accomplish great things. It is necessary when the world's progress demands that great things be done. It is based upon sincere conviction that combination and concentration should be not prohibited, but supervised and, within reasonable limits controlled, in my judgment, this conviction is right."

"Corporations engaged in interstate commerce should be regulated if they are found to exercise a license working to the public injury."

How to deal with the great industrial combinations is knowledge of the facts publicly. In the interest of the public the government should have the right to inspect and examine the workings of the great corporations engaged in interstate business. What further remedies are needed in the way of governmental regulation or taxation can only be determined after publicity has been observed by process of law and, in the course of administration.

"Other means of regulating trusts are full supervision over all corporations doing an interstate commerce business and the creation of a cabinet officer to be known as secretary of commerce and industry."

The immediate re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion act is recommended.

**CAPITAL AND LABOR.**

Referring to the question of labor unions, President Roosevelt says: "The chief factor in the success of a man, wage worker, farmer and capitalist alike, must ever be the sum total of his own individual qualities and abilities. Second only to this comes the power of acting in combination or association with others. Very great good has been and will be accomplished by associations of unions of wage workers, when managed with foresight and when they combine insistence upon their own rights with law-abiding respect for the rights of others. The display of these qualities in such bodies is a duty to the nation no less than to the associations themselves. Finally, there must also in many cases be action by the government in order to safeguard the rights and interests of all."

"Present immigration laws," the message continues, "are unsatisfactory. Anarchists and all persons of low moral tendencies should be excluded and careful educational and economic tests applied."

**TARIFF AND RECIPROCITY.**

Regarding tariff and reciprocity, President Roosevelt says: "There is mental acquiescence in our present tariff system as a national policy. The first requisite to our prosperity is the continuity and adaptability of this economic policy. Anything could be more unwise than to disturb the business interests of the community by a general tariff change at this time. But apprehension and uncertainty are exactly what we most wish to avoid in the interest of our commercial well being. Our experience in the past has shown that sweeping revisions of the tariff are apt to produce conditions closely approaching panic in the business world. Yet it is not only pos-sible, but necessary, to make such changes as the necessities of the times demand." (Continued on Page Eight.)

## From Occident To Orient

Garrison Artillery Sail From Outer Wharf Amidst Enthusiastic Leave Taking.

Bound From Pacific Western Portal to the Gateway to the East.

The sailing of the R. M. S. Empress of China from the Outer wharf yesterday morning at 11 a. m. attracted a large number of Victorians to the wharf to witness the embarkation of No. 19 Co., R. G. A.—the first body of troops to leave this western portal of the Pacific for the Empire's gateway to the Orient, Hongkong, by the Empress liner. The band of the Fifth Regiment was in attendance, and played lively airs during the embarkation of the artillery-men. The troops were taken to the Outer wharf by special cars provided by the B. C. Electric railway and marched from the terminus to the wharf, where many friends, made during their stay in Victoria, were on hand to give the gun-ners a final hand shake. Their baggage had all been hoisted on board in the early morning, and the time from the arrival of the troops on the wharf until the vessel steamed out with them on board, was given over to leave taking as the band played everything from reg-ime selections to "Auld Lang Syne."

The most stirring scenes were wit-nessed as the white liner loosed her rigging and started off. The soldiers lined the rigging and returned cheer after cheer to the several hundred people assembled above the wharf, while the band was heard above the clamor, and from the liner's bow, lines of home-bound Chinamen looked on. There was cheering until the liner with its great crowd, for the Empresses are like floating villages, steamed off out of ear-shot and soon out around the lighthouse at Race Rocks the soldiers at the other side of which the departure of No. 19 Co., R. G. A., from Victoria for the Orient was re-markable in that it is the first instance in which British troops have gone from Victoria to the Orient by the Pacific route. It is the first instance in which British troops have gone from Victoria to the Orient by the Pacific route.

## UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

Relation of Philippines Decided on a Customs Case.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Opinions were rendered in the United States Supreme court today in the last two of the in-regular cases of the year. One, that known as the "Fourteen Diamond Rings case," involving the relationship of the United States to the Philippine islands from a tariff point of view, and the other what is known as the Dooley case No. 2, involving the constitutionality of the collection of duty on goods shipped from New York to Puerto Rico.

In the former case, the court, through Chief Justice Fuller, held that the diamond rings brought in from the Philippines and over which the case arose, should have been exempted from duty under the tariff treaty of peace which made the Philippines United States territory. The decision in the Philippine case followed closely that of the first Puerto Rican case at the last term. In the Dooley case, decided today, it was held that the duty collected on goods carried from New York to Puerto Rico was permissible, but that it was in reality a tax for the benefit of the Puerto Ricans themselves, rather than an export duty, as was claimed by the merchants who antagonized the govern-ment.

In both cases there were dissenting opinions, concurred in by four of the nine justices of the court.

The decisions were rendered in the room of the Senate committee on judiciary, where the court is sitting temporarily, and owing to the limited space there were comparatively few persons, and those lawyers, present. The delivery of the opinions in chief, with the reading of the dissenting opinions, consumed a little more than an hour, and it was listened to with the closest attention.

It is generally believed that the finding of the Philippines case will lead to early efforts to secure legislation for the regulation of our commercial relations with those islands. As the Puerto Rican opinion sustains the constitutionality of the Foraker act, no such necessity will arise with reference to Puerto Rico.

The case of Emil J. Peyke v. the United States is the case known as the Fourteen Diamond Rings case, and in-volves the constitutionality of the im-position of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands after the ex-change of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government on the ground that the Philippine islands were, at the time the rings were brought in, United States territory. Cessing to be foreign territory, they became domestic territory, he said. The decision in the De Lima Puerto Rican case was cited at length, and it was held that the resolution adopted by congress concerning the Philippines was not sufficient to change the situation.

The chief justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brandeis read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor points.

Justices Gray, Shiraz, White and McKenna dissented.

**GERMAN TARIFF BILL.**

Secretary of the Interior Speaks in Its Defence.

Re-Phin, Dec. 3.—On the resumption of tariff debate in the Reichstag von Pow-dowski Wiener, secretary of the interior, took up the cudgels in defense of the bill. The secretary contended that Germany was largely dependent on her export trade, which must therefore be protected. The United States had introduced protective rates not only against Ger-many, but against the world in the in-terests of United States finance and the United States industry. It was impos-sible to maintain a free trade basis in the matter of protection to this coun-try. He doubted that Germany was able to produce sufficient grain for her own consumption, but the authorities wished in any case to keep out all grain which was not needed.

## SHEFFIELD CUTLERY STORE.

Table Carvers in Cases, 3 or 5 piece. Table Carvers without cases: Game Carvers, Table and Dessert Knives, English Plated Forks, Spoons, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Fancy Plated Ware, in fact, all kinds of Cutlery suitable for Xmas Gifts, Wedding Presents etc., at

**FOX'S,** 78 Government Street.

## GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS

WASHINGTON

Two and a half hours from Seattle and Tacoma, on main line of N. P. railway. Special 1-13 round trip fare from Victoria. The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort in the entire west. New and modern buildings, steam heated and electric lighted throughout. Splendid natural medicinal waters; perfect baths. Skilled attendants in every department, offering to those suffering from rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, disorders of the digestive, urinary and nervous systems, or to those in need of change and rest. A measure of relief not elsewhere obtainable. Resident physicians; direct use of waters and baths without charge. Write for circulars, etc. Rates from \$12.50 weekly. Splendid winter resort.

**S. J. KLOEBER, M.D.**

## SHARES FOR SALE

500 TONS .....\$5.00  
1,000 CENTRE SHARES .....\$5.00  
1,000 CARIBOO-MCKINNEY .....\$5.00  
50 CRAMP STEEL CO. ....\$5.00  
7 PER CENT CUMULATED PREFERRED STOCK, 100 shares, \$100.

WE WILL BUY

50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares, at 25 1/2, or we will sell 50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares at 25 1/2.

**A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.**  
86 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

## POULTRY

Just received pens of Black Minorcas and white Lechons. Look up your stock for breeding.

**SYLVESTER FRED CO.,**  
City Market.

## UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

Relation of Philippines Decided on a Customs Case.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Opinions were rendered in the United States Supreme court today in the last two of the in-regular cases of the year. One, that known as the "Fourteen Diamond Rings case," involving the relationship of the United States to the Philippine islands from a tariff point of view, and the other what is known as the Dooley case No. 2, involving the constitutionality of the collection of duty on goods shipped from New York to Puerto Rico.

In the former case, the court, through Chief Justice Fuller, held that the diamond rings brought in from the Philippines and over which the case arose, should have been exempted from duty under the tariff treaty of peace which made the Philippines United States territory. The decision in the Philippine case followed closely that of the first Puerto Rican case at the last term. In the Dooley case, decided today, it was held that the duty collected on goods carried from New York to Puerto Rico was permissible, but that it was in reality a tax for the benefit of the Puerto Ricans themselves, rather than an export duty, as was claimed by the merchants who antagonized the govern-ment.

In both cases there were dissenting opinions, concurred in by four of the nine justices of the court.

The decisions were rendered in the room of the Senate committee on judiciary, where the court is sitting temporarily, and owing to the limited space there were comparatively few persons, and those lawyers, present. The delivery of the opinions in chief, with the reading of the dissenting opinions, consumed a little more than an hour, and it was listened to with the closest attention.

It is generally believed that the finding of the Philippines case will lead to early efforts to secure legislation for the regulation of our commercial relations with those islands. As the Puerto Rican opinion sustains the constitutionality of the Foraker act, no such necessity will arise with reference to Puerto Rico.

The case of Emil J. Peyke v. the United States is the case known as the Fourteen Diamond Rings case, and in-volves the constitutionality of the im-position of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands after the ex-change of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government on the ground that the Philippine islands were, at the time the rings were brought in, United States territory. Cessing to be foreign territory, they became domestic territory, he said. The decision in the De Lima Puerto Rican case was cited at length, and it was held that the resolution adopted by congress concerning the Philippines was not sufficient to change the situation.

The chief justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brandeis read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor points.

Justices Gray, Shiraz, White and McKenna dissented.

**GERMAN TARIFF BILL.**

Secretary of the Interior Speaks in Its Defence.

Re-Phin, Dec. 3.—On the resumption of tariff debate in the Reichstag von Pow-dowski Wiener, secretary of the interior, took up the cudgels in defense of the bill. The secretary contended that Germany was largely dependent on her export trade, which must therefore be protected. The United States had introduced protective rates not only against Ger-many, but against the world in the in-terests of United States finance and the United States industry. It was impos-sible to maintain a free trade basis in the matter of protection to this coun-try. He doubted that Germany was able to produce sufficient grain for her own consumption, but the authorities wished in any case to keep out all grain which was not needed.

## SHEFFIELD CUTLERY STORE.

Table Carvers in Cases, 3 or 5 piece. Table Carvers without cases: Game Carvers, Table and Dessert Knives, English Plated Forks, Spoons, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Fancy Plated Ware, in fact, all kinds of Cutlery suitable for Xmas Gifts, Wedding Presents etc., at

**FOX'S,** 78 Government Street.

## GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS

WASHINGTON

Two and a half hours from Seattle and Tacoma, on main line of N. P. railway. Special 1-13 round trip fare from Victoria. The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort in the entire west. New and modern buildings, steam heated and electric lighted throughout. Splendid natural medicinal waters; perfect baths. Skilled attendants in every department, offering to those suffering from rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, disorders of the digestive, urinary and nervous systems, or to those in need of change and rest. A measure of relief not elsewhere obtainable. Resident physicians; direct use of waters and baths without charge. Write for circulars, etc. Rates from \$12.50 weekly. Splendid winter resort.

**S. J. KLOEBER, M.D.**

## SHARES FOR SALE

500 TONS .....\$5.00  
1,000 CENTRE SHARES .....\$5.00  
1,000 CARIBOO-MCKINNEY .....\$5.00  
50 CRAMP STEEL CO. ....\$5.00  
7 PER CENT CUMULATED PREFERRED STOCK, 100 shares, \$100.

WE WILL BUY

50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares, at 25 1/2, or we will sell 50 B. C. Electric Railway Co., ordinary shares at 25 1/2.

**A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.**  
86 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

## POULTRY

Just received pens of Black Minorcas and white Lechons. Look up your stock for breeding.

**SYLVESTER FRED CO.,**  
City Market.

**GO TO FAWCETT'S**

**For Your Holiday Perfumes.**

**Crown Crab-Apple Blossoms**  
"The Queen of Perfumes."  
As fashionable in New York as it is in London and Paris.

**F.W. FAWCETT & CO.**  
Chemist, 49 Government Street.

**AN EXCELLENT PERFORMANCE**

**Jules Grau's Opera Company Delight Large Audience in "El Capitan."**

The opening performance of Jules Grau's opera company at the Victoria theatre was one of the most pleasing exhibitions of light opera ever given in the city. The house was well filled and would doubtless have been crowded had the weather not been so atrocious, but as it was the brightness of the opera and the fun with which it was rendered, from the first bar of the overture to the final curtain, kept the audience continuously amused and interested.

John Philip Sousa's three-act opera, "El Capitan," was the bill of the evening, with the following cast:

Don Enrico Medina, recently appointed Mayor of Peru... Edward Eggleston  
Senor Amable... Stanley Felch  
Don Luis Cazarro, ex-Mayor of Peru... Harry Davies  
Senor Hernandez, a Peruvian... Robert Dunbar  
General Hernandez, Commander of the Spanish forces... E. A. Arnold  
Estrella, Cazarro's daughter... Mamie Scott  
Princess Margharita, daughter of the King... Bessie Tannerhill  
Isabel, Medina's daughter... Bessie Tannerhill  
Spanish and Peruvian Ladies and Gentlemen, Soldiers, etc.

The opera has been heard here before, and it is unnecessary to go into detail of plot, scenery or music, as these are known to all theatre-goers, but it is said that the story settings and costumes were artistic, rich and appropriate, and the light effects were most artfully manipulated.

Edward Eggleston, "El Capitan," is a distinctly valuable addition to Mr. Grau's company. He is one of those rarities in comic opera, who can be funny without coarseness, and who is not only a comedian of the first rank, but a powerful and tuneful singer. His acting throughout was entirely satisfactory, the drunken scene in the third act being particularly artistic and convincing. Mr. Eggleston was ably supported in the fun-making by Stanley Felch, who was as quaintly comic as ever, and was received with welcoming plaudits by his host of friends when he made his first entrance. Harry Davies, too, was instantly recognized and given a deservedly warm reception. His fine voice has lost none of its purity and strength, and all his numbers were enjoyed to the full. Robert Dunbar, "Searanla," has a pleasing stage presence and a remarkably good voice, a combination which is a high recommendation. He was well supported by his partner, who was a hearty round of well-earned applause.

The principal ladies in the cast shared the applause so equally that it would be impossible to say which made the most pronounced hit. Mamie Scott, "Estrella," is a vivacious, petite person, who knows how to use to the best advantage, and her sprightly movements gives a zest to all her work. Mary Carrington, "Isabel," is charming and graceful and sings divinely. Her duet with Mr. Davies was one of the gems of the evening, while her solo, "I have a heart," was very effectively rendered. Bessie Tannerhill, "Princess Margharita," stately and handsome, fitted her role to the life and won much admiration by her perfect vocalization.

The concerted arias were all beautifully rendered and the choruses, with well exception, given in full, well rounded, rich volume, in which there was never a suspicion of jar or discord. The ladies of the chorus are a pretty, shapely lot, trained to perfection and they are ably seconded by the men singers. The fun of the second act was a striking combination of harmony, movement and color, which roused the enthusiasm of the audience to the highest pitch of the evening. The encore evoked Sousa's "Stars and Stripes Forever," introducing a graceful march and the inter-acting of the Union Jack and Old Glory—which was vigorously applauded, the audience no doubt remembering the distinguished honor bestowed upon the composer by His Majesty the King a few days ago.

It may be said confidently that never in the history of comic opera in this city has a better pleased audience been dispersed than that which had the pleasure of witnessing last night's performance. If "El Capitan" was an earnest of the other operas to be produced during the week, the success of the season is a foregone conclusion.

Tonight "Fra Diavolo" will be presented, in the second act of which the ever-favorite and beautiful sextet from "Lucia" will be interpolated.

**JUDGE WURTELE RESIGNS.**  
Montreal, Dec. 2.—(Special.)—Judge Wurtele has resigned from the court of the Commission for the revision of the federal statutes. He will probably be succeeded by Judge Langlier of the Superior court.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
Take Laxative Gromo-Quinine Tablets. Each case, E. W. Gromo's signature is on each of the tablets. The fact that I can produce his plays without paying royalties to anybody.

**MARTELL'S THREE STAR BRANDY.**

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS

**Foundered Off Coast**

**Non-appearing Cathartic Hood's Pills**

**Easy to take, easy to operate.**

**Bark Highland Light Sinks Crew Rescued in the Nick of Time.**

**Saved By Little Schooner Arilla When Hope Was Abandoned**

**Trying Experiences of Shipwrecked Sailors—Arilla's Hard Trip.**

The bark Highland Light, Capt. E. H. Gillespie, called in from Tacoma on November 9, for San Francisco, foundered on November 16 during a heavy south-east gale in latitude 48.30 west and longitude, 128 west, 80 miles off the Vancouver Island coast. All hands were saved, being taken off the sinking vessel by the 40-ton schooner Arilla, of Seattle, bound from Cape Nome to Victoria, which arrived in the nick of time to save Capt. Gillespie and his crew of 14 from a grave in the waters of the North Pacific. It was on November 16 that the Arilla, which a kind providence had drifted back from Capt. Plattery to the scene of the loss of the Highland Light, was sighted from the fast sinking bark and answered to the light signals of distress—its ensign being blown upside down—the schooner stood by and the crew of the Highland Light went over to her through the high seas in the bark's boats. All reached the schooner's decks in safety, and just in time, for the old coasting bark, by that time rolling over burying her rails and with her yards touching the sea as she swung from side to side, now with the wind on her bow, and her hatches on the port side, and then on the starboard side. She was almost rolling right over. It was just in time that her crew was taken off, for had the Arilla not arrived when she did, it seems that time would have been wrung from her hatches with all on board, and her fate would have been wrapped in that mystery which covers every vessel, whose end is simply announced as "posted as missing."

At 2.30 a. m. on November 9 that the Highland Light started on her ill-fated voyage from Tacoma, carrying 1,000 tons of coal for the South Pacific Coal company of San Francisco. She was loaded by the stevedores, and a sufficient amount of water to necessitate the pumps being worked in 15 minute spells every two hours. Moderate winds prevailed from the south-east, and at midnight the ship was found to be still making way, and a windmill was rigged up to help keep her free. The tug cast off her hawser at noon and the bark was not far from Cape Plattery. Next morning the bark started to make more water, and the pumps were kept going, and a windmill was rigged up to help keep her free. The tug cast off her hawser at noon and the bark was not far from Cape Plattery. Next morning the bark started to make more water, and the pumps were kept going, and a windmill was rigged up to help keep her free.

Del Carey Smith, grand worthy president of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, was last evening the guest of the Victoria Aerie. In the early part of the evening there was a meeting of the Aerie in the Eagles' hall, at which there were several initiations and other business was transacted. The members then adjourned to the Queen's hotel, where a banquet had been prepared. About a hundred members of the order surrounded the tables, at the head of which was the Worthy Grand President. On his right sat Mr. J. M. Brashaw, president of the Victoria Aerie, and Mr. N. T. B. Pentreath, editor and manager of the Fraternal Eagle. On his left sat Mr. E. E. Leeson, past president and toast master; Mr. Partridge, grand secretary, and Mr. W. H. Brown, provincial deputy grand president. After the menu had been done full justice to, Mr. Leeson proposed the toast of the "King," which was drunk with enthusiasm, and the singing of the National Anthem. Mr. Brown, of the Skagway Aerie, sang two solos very acceptably, and the toast master proposed the health of the grand officers, coupling with it the name of the Worthy Grand President. In reply, Mr. Del Carey Smith delivered a very eloquent address, in which he dwelt on the ties which drew the British and United States navies together, venturing the prophecy that should the time come when it was necessary to defend civilization the Americans and Britons would be found fighting together. Being a patriotic American he could appreciate the patriotism of Canadians and he applauded them for it. He then dwelt upon what it meant to be an Eagle and the teachings of the order, which he placed upon a very high plane. In conclusion, he eulogized Victoria, and as an American officer he could appreciate the patriotism of Canadians and he applauded them for it. He then dwelt upon what it meant to be an Eagle and the teachings of the order, which he placed upon a very high plane.

The banquet was a very successful affair from every point of view. Navy building in Germany is progressing at a rate highly creditable to the officials and contractors. With the launch of the Mecklenburg, November 9, there are now 20 battleships afloat and 10 are on the stocks. The United States has 12 battleships afloat, including the Maine and Ohio, which are not to be completed within 18 months, and 6 are building. It is quite certain that the 10 German battleships will be completed within three years from date, and also that the United States ships will not be ready within contract time, and that, therefore, the German navy will have 30 battleships ready for service by January, 1904, against 18 in the United States navy under the most favorable circumstances. The strength of the navy exists in its actual available number of battleships, rather than in the number on paper, and the United States navy is therefore not entitled at the present time to take fourth place in the rank of naval powers.

Nearpass—Kitchener doesn't want officers to carry planes with them when pursuing the Boers. Boer's right. How would it look if he had to report that the Boers captured two guns and a plane? What do you most admire about Shakespeare? And without hesitation the manager replied: "The fact that I can produce his plays without paying royalties to anybody."

The gale moderated somewhat on the 15th, but the sea was still running high and by the time the bark had four feet of water in the hold at her pumps, and in the afterhold there was six feet of water. There was no mistake about it. She was settling fast. With perseverance, the crew of the Arilla, the long since thoroughly fatigued sailors, kept the water down in a futile effort to keep the water down. They managed to retard the incoming of the waters, somewhat, but the sea gained slowly and the depth of water in the hold increased to eight feet and six feet at the pumps. She was rolling so far over with every roll that her main hatch was covered by the waters, and it seemed sometimes as if the ship would turn turtle. The shore was still out of sight, and it seemed that she could not live longer when Providence sent the little schooner Arilla, which the storms had buffeted for

**Which Is It to Be?**

**THE BAD COAL OIL**

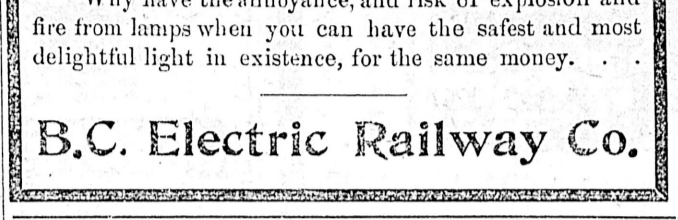
**Now Being Sold in the City, or**

**ELECTRIC LIGHT**

The cost of electric light is identical with that of oil, but its advantages are innumerable.

Why have the annoyance, and risk of explosion and fire from lamps when you can have the safest and most delightful light in existence, for the same money.

**B.C. Electric Railway Co.**



sea in open boats. They were all practically lost. The bark was last sighted here by the steamer Cottage City two years ago this month. The abandoned wreck drifted about the North Pacific for two years and finally brought up on the rocks of the west coast of Queen Charlotte Island near Reynolds sound, and when reported by Indians to the people of Skidegate, it was thought that some other vessel had been lost. Investigation proved it to be the old Colusa.

Other vessels which were lost during that storm which broke the rudder of the Highland Light two years ago off this coast, were the Libertad, from Piquet, with nitre for Victoria, which foundered just two years ago, a very short distance away from where the Highland Light has now ended her career, and the schooner Hera, a historic bark, which was lost near the mouth of the Fraser River, and the schooner, which was lost near the mouth of the Fraser River, and the schooner, which was lost near the mouth of the Fraser River.

**PUBLIC COMPETITION.**  
Paper on Awarding of Contracts Read Before American Civil Engineers' Society.

In a paper published in the November number of the proceedings of the American Society of Civil Engineers, Mr. Frank H. Snow is credited with the following statement:

"Now, contracts awarded on plans and specifications furnished by each bidder, and held to be legal by the law, imply a common standard upon which bids shall be compared. As any other method would be contrary to the policy of law and good government, it is usually held that a city must prepare its own plans and specifications, and all intended processes of law, and the subject of a monopoly must be excluded from the plans."

That is to say that when a corporation throws work open to public competition, that corporation should prepare the plans and specifications, but it is not debatable from dealing with any syndicate holding patent rights, though in such a case there can be no public competition.

I have a great mind to go to the political club tonight, said Mr. J. H. Spencer. What? He replied, with surprise. I have a great mind to go to the club tonight. What? He asked. Whose what? Whose great mind? Why, my own, of course, madame. Oh! and the rising infection she gave the calculation was very provoking to a man of fine feeling—Chicago Journal.

**BRUNSWICK BAILE COLLINDER & CO.**  
Billiards, Pool Tables, Bowling Alleys, etc.

Leading Manufacturers of the World.  
35 Main "Simons Cloth" "Monarch" and all others. Supplies of all Branch kinds. New and second hand tables, all sizes, etc. Write for catalogue and prices.  
Head Office for Canada—88 King St., Toronto, Ont.

**VICTORIA THEATRE**

Standing room only last night.

**Jules Grau's Opera Company**

Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c.

**FRA DIAVOLO**

Tomorrow Night  
**DOROTHY.**

Matinee Saturday.

**WIGS SWITCHES, CURLS, ETC.**

Combing made up in any style. Theatrical and Masquerade Wigs to let. Country orders promptly filled. Hair dressing, Shampoo, Face Massage. A large stock of hair and ornaments. Also Fringe Nets always kept on hand.

**G. KOSCHE**  
55 Douglas St., near Fort.

**Hang Wo Hing Kee**

31 CORMORANT STREET.

Importers and Dealers in **JAPANESE FANCY GOODS**

**Granite and Marble**

WORKS  
74 and 76 View Street.

For Monuments, Head Stones, Tablets, Caskets, and all kinds of cut stone work at bed rock prices.

**Jos. E. Philp.**

**MONUMENTS**

BE SURE TO  
**Get Stewart's Prices**

on Monuments, Cemetery Coping, Imported Scotch Granite Monuments, and before purchasing elsewhere. Nothing but first-class stock and workmanship.

Corn-r Yates and Blanchard Streets

**"ROYAL BOBS"**

Best medium priced cigar on the market. Manufactured by the Province of Star Company, 46 Yates Street.

**CONCERT**

**PEJE STORCK**

**GRAND PIANO RECITAL THURSDAY EVE.**

December 5th, at 8:30 in Institute Hall.

Prices \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.

Tickets for sale at Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Ltd., and at Victoria Cafe. Carriages at 10 o'clock.

**RADIGER & JANION**

**Commission Fire and Marine INSURANCE**

**Coal and Wood**

Best screened coal, \$6.00 per ton. Best washed coal, \$4.50 per ton. Best dry cord wood, \$3.50 per cord. Wood cut, split and delivered to any part of the city. Weight and measure guaranteed.

82 Store street, Telephone 44. 88 Government street, Telephone 404.

**Cordwood and Stovewood**

Truck, Dray and General Towing Done.

J. R. PAINTER.

Office—21 Cormorant Street. Residence, 17 Pine Street, Victoria West. Telephone 426.

**STEAMER "MYSTERY."**

I hereby give notice that I have this day appointed W. A. Ward, Ltd., my agents, and that all monies owing to the above steamer are to be paid to the said agents, and that all debts against the said steamer must be presented immediately to them.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., November 30th, 1901.

**THE COMPANIES' ACT.**

**The Victoria Loan and Security Company, Limited.**

Take notice that the statutory general meeting of the above entitled company will be held at the company's offices, 43 Johnson street, on Tuesday, the 10th day of December, 1901, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when business will be transacted.

Dated this 2nd December, 1901.

**MURRAY C. POTTS,** Secretary.

**New Cider**

Fresh from the press daily. Excellent for mince meat, etc., at 25c. per gallon.

**FACTORY—255 Cook Street.**

**John Colbert**

Plumber, Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter, Ships Plumbing, Etc.

4 Broad St., Victoria, B. C. Telephone 452. P. O. Box 544.

**NEW JAPANESE FANCY GOODS**

Arrived at ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 60 Douglas Street, and at YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 352 Government Street, near the Victoria Hotel.

**Notice to Contractors.**

Vernon Gaol.

Sealed tenders, indorsed "Tender for Vernon Gaol," will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Saturday, the 21st December, 1901, for the erection and completion of a Gaol at Vernon, B. C. Plans, specifications, forms of tender and contract may be seen on and after 5th December, 1901, at the Government Offices in Victoria, Vancouver and Vernon. Tenders will not be considered unless made upon the printed forms supplied for the purpose, and the agreement to execute a bond approved by the contractor himself, and two other responsible residents of the province in the penal sum of \$2,000 for the faithful performance of the work. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**W. S. GORE,**  
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 3rd December, 1901.











